

RE

8.1 Creation and Covenant Knowledge Organiser



Key words:

1. The Fall	The story in Genesis 3 when humans commit the first sin and fall away from God's grace
2. Covenant	An agreement between God and man – God made covenants with Abraham and Moses
3. Decalogue	The 10 commandments given to Moses on Mount Sinai
4. Conscience	An intuitive knowledge of right and wrong, which leads to an instinctive desire to do right and avoid wrong
5. Original Sin	The state of sin in which all humans are born, meaning they inherit Adam and Eve's sin
6. Freedom	The power or right a person has to act, speak or think as they want.
7. Responsibility	Having control or power over something, which leads to a duty or moral obligation to behave correctly
8. Baptism	The sacrament of initiation that welcomes new members into the Catholic Church
9. Concupiscence	The Natural temptation to sin that all humans have following The Fall

10. What is the story of The Fall and it's meaning?

In Genesis 3, Adam and Eve's disobedience damages God's perfect creation, leading to feelings of shame and embarrassment.



11. What is Sin?

Original Sin refers to the idea that when people are baptised, they are no longer separated from God as Adam and Eve were. St. Augustine was the first to describe it, and G.K. Chesterton emphasised that it is the only part of Christian theology that can really be proved.



10 Catholics believe that every human born since Adam and Eve is marked by the first or Original Sin. Humans fell away from God, causing them to lack the original goodness God created them with. This makes them more likely to be tempted to sin, which is called concupiscence.

Free-will: the ability to make our own choices – must be used wisely or it leads to sin.

1. God's goodness is clear in the story of The Fall

It is only right that humans bear the consequences of their sin.

2. Humans are given clear instructions about how to avoid sin

If they followed God's commands they would not have sinned.

3. There is a promise that evil will be overcome
Genesis 3:15

"I will put enmity (hostile feelings) between you and the woman, and between your offspring and her offspring; he shall bruise your head and you shall bruise his heel."

12. Importance of God's commandments

Covenant

In Exodus, God saved the Jewish people from slavery in Egypt and gave Moses the 10 Commandments on Mount Sinai. The commandments fall into two groups: Love of God and Love of Neighbour.



13. Are the 10 commandments still relevant?

No: Commandments about respecting God are not relevant – not everyone believes in God
 Keeping the Sabbath is bad for business
Yes: God’s law are eternal and apply for all of time – they can’t go out of date
 ‘New problems’ are the same old problems – terrorism (you shall not kill), cyber crime (you shall not steal)



Take it further

Do rules limit our freedom?
Yes: We don’t need rules
 We have freewill God trusts us
No: God wants humans to live in harmony
 God is omniscient so knows the value of rules

16. Who should be baptised?

Washes away original sin and welcomes a person into the family of the Church.



“By baptism all sins are forgiven, original sin and all personal sins as well as all punishment for sin.” CCC

17. Baptism for Babies. This is the most usual celebration of baptism in the Catholic Church. This practice is based on the teachings of St Augustine – to remove the ‘stain’ of original sin.

14. Conscience – Catholics believe that while Conscience is God’s law written on the heart, humans must make efforts to inform or educate their conscience so that they hear God’s law when they are reflecting on their moral choices

15. Conscientious objectors will not participate in an action or process because of their personal beliefs, religious faith or their conscience

Sophie Scholl

- League of German Maidens
- Nazi
- Stood against the Nazi party
- White Rose Movement.
- Distributed leaflets
- Treason
- Executed



You should be aiming for these **skills** on every assessment **page**

Knowledge and understanding skills

S Show **Knowledge** and **understanding** of facts/ information/ points of view through detailed explanations and development

I **Influence** on actions or belief

L Lots of **Language** that is topic specialist and/ or religious in nature

S **Sources** of wisdom/ authority

18. How do artists depict Moses

Moses Delivering his Ten Commandments by David Courlander

- Painted in the 1950s
- Moses holds 2 tablets
- Jewish people gathered at the bottom of the hill – spiritual distance to God

19. Moses receiving the Law St Catherine’s Monastery Mount Sinai

Moses shown to be blessed and holy as he has a halo around his head.

20.. What does Love of Neighbour mean?

Good Samaritan
 The Samaritan sees beyond divisions and danger to help the wounded man

Fratelli Tutti

‘Saint Francis of Assisi calls for a love that transcends the barriers of geography and distance, and declares blessed all those who love their brother “as much when he is far away from him as when he is with him.”’



Evaluative skills

P **Points of view** and alternative reasons

A **Analysis** (detailed explanation of features and key points of arguments)

G **Good Judgements** made on what the answer to the question is

E **Evaluation** of which points are more convincing

RE

8.2 Prophecy and Promise Knowledge Organiser



Key words:	
1. Prophet	A person anointed by God and inspired by God through the Holy Spirit
2. Priest	A person anointed by God to make thanksgiving offerings on behalf of the people. Today it also refers to an ordained minister of the Catholic Church
3. King	An anointed person who has authority, power and responsibility for people in their care, also a ruler of a country.
4. Messianic	Relating to the Messiah
5. Advent	The first season in the liturgical year, in which Christians prepare and wait for both the birth of Jesus and the Second Coming of Christ
6. Amos	An early Hebrew prophet who called people back to God and warned of divine judgement on people who sinned.
7. Elijah	An Old Testament prophet who foretells the coming of the Messiah in the books 1 Kings and 2 Kings
8. John the Baptist	A New Testament prophet who prophesied and prepared the way for Jesus as the Messiah, also the cousin of Jesus

1. What is a Prophetic Text?

Call. A prophet is called by God to be God's spokesperson on earth. e.g Moses, Samuel, Isaiah

Message. Referred to as messengers of God, as they communicate important things that God wants humanity to hear

Moses – takes the message to the Jews

Samuel delivers a message of judgement to Eli

Isaiah predicts the coming of the Messiah

Fulfilment. Prophetic text share messages and predict things that will happen. Isaiah prophesies a 'suffering servant' who will experience terrible pain and punishment to remove the sins of others.

Messianic prophetic text explain what the Messiah will be like and the things that he will do.

“There shall come forth a shoot from the stump of Jesse and a branch from his roots shall bear fruit....” Isaiah 11:1-6



2. Fulfilment of the prophecy with Jeremiah

Son of a priest

Writings focused on social justice

God called Jeremiah to guide people



3. Amos' message of repentance

God calls Amos in a vision

Two messages.

look for the good in life

Turn away from evil



4. Prophecies about caring for the poor – warnings and promises

Amos – to follow God and work to bring about good things for other people

Those with wealth need to change their attitude and create a society that is compassionate. God does not want people to ignore the needs of others. If they do they will be punished.

“Woe to those who lie on beds of ivory and stretch themselves out on their couches.....” Amos 6

Why does Amos believe that wealthy people are treating people living in poverty unfairly?

5. Images and parables in prophecies

People could not read or write so communication was done by word of mouth
Parables are stories with moral lessons



7. How God passes judgement

For those who reject God – God is wrathful and angry
For those who repent – God’s judgement is more compassionate
God judges everyone – as creator he knows the heart of every individual.



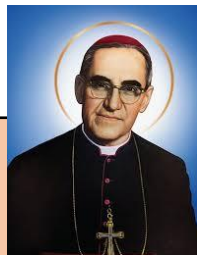
9. Lay people are witnesses of Christ.

Christians believe that they too are called to be priest, prophet and king through baptism.



12. St Oscar Romero

Murdered whilst celebrating mass in El Salvador in 1980
He called for people living in poverty to not just to be treated with respect but to set them free from corruption and exploitation
Preferential love for the poor:
The idea that God shows particular love for people who are vulnerable or living in poverty



“I am setting a plumb line in the midst of my people Israel.”

Plumb line – a tool used to ensure that the walls building build are straight and will not collapse.
What does Amos mean?

8. Why is John the Baptist important?

The conclusion of the prophets
Call: Elizabeth is told her baby (John) is called by God as a prophet
Message: Zechariah (John’s father) is told by the Holy Spirit that his son will prepare people for the coming of the Messiah
Fulfilment: John baptises many people in the river Jordan.

10. Advent and prophecy

Time in the Church’s year where Christians prepare for the second coming of Christ

6. That faithful few

Remnant – what’s left over.
Jeremiah, Isaiah and Amos refer to the few faithful people of God’s community that are spared following a great destruction or catastrophe.
Through the remnant, God then rebuilds a faithful nation.



“I baptise you with water, but he who is mightier than I is coming..... He will baptise you with the Holy Spirit and fire.”
Luke 3:16

11. Carols reflecting prophetic messages.

“O Come, O come, Emmanuel” – reflects that the church is expectantly waiting and preparing for the arrival of Christ

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	S	Sources of wisdom/ authority
Evaluative skills	P	Points of view and alternative reasons
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	E	Evaluation of which points are more convincing



“In the name of God, and in the name of this suffering people whose cries rise to heaven more loudly each day, I beg you, I implore you, I order you, in the name of God, stop the repression”